

Unauthorised Access UK 0636-708063 10pm-7am 1200/2400

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=====
--          XENIX          --
==  Commands and Infomation  ==
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Ok I am gonna give you a good idea of the commands that you can use in XENIX system. Many of these commands require a ROOT account but you will need to be farmilliar with them.

Well Here we go.....

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cat          concentrate or display
              text on the screen.
CAT <filename>
-
cd           change directory.

CD           returns to login
              directory.
CD <dir>     Chooses a specific
              directory.
-
chmod        change mode.

CHMOD <who>  operation code permission
              file changes the
              permission mode for the
              user.
<who>       A all
              G group
              O others
              U user (login owner)
operations code
              + add permission
              - remove permission
              = assign all permission
              (read,write,and execute)
permission
              r read

```

```

w write
x execute
-
cp          copy file

CP filename1 filename2
  (copies file1 to file2)

CP filename1 filename2 dirname
  (copies file1 and file2 into
   a specified directory)
-
date        displays the current date
            and time to screen.
DATE
-
df
DF          displays the number of
            blocks free on root file
            system.

DF /dev/hdx displays the number of
            blocks free on specific
            disk.
-
du          disk usage

DU dir      displays the number of
            blocks used and in what
            files they are used.
-
kill        terminate a process

KILL number terminates the process
            number.
-
lc          list or display the
            contents of a directory
            and information on files
            in that directory.

LC dir name displays contents of the
            specified directory.
-
lpr         line print spooler

LPR filename

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outputs file to line
printer.

-

mkdir make a directory

MKDIR dirname

creates the directory
dirname.

-

more display text on screen 1
screen at a time.

MORE filename

displays data in filename
1 screen at a time.

-

mv move or rename files
and directories.

MV filename1 filename2

changes the name of file1
to file2.

MV filename1 dirname

moves filename1 to directory
dirname.

MV new name dirname

changes name of specified
directory.

-

passwd change your login password

PASSWD

-

ps process status

PS -E displays information about
all active processes.

-

pwd print working directory

PWD displays the dir path

-

quot summarize file system
ownership.

QUOT -F file system

ZENIXINF.txt

displays the number of blocks
owned by each user in the
specified file system.

-

rm remove files or directories.

RM filename
erases specified file.

RMDIR empty directory name
removes specified empty
directory.

RMUSER removes the specified user.

-

save save or backup files.

SAVE 0-ss/usr/name/'filename'
copies the file onto a single
sides floppy in drive 0.
(from here type 'RESTORE 0'
to install it on the hard
drive.)

-

wall writes a message to all users
on the system.

WALL message to be sent
(this is a good one to announce
yourself when the system has
become useless to you.)

-

who who is on the system

WHO displays a list of users on the
system by login name, terminal,
and login time.

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Ok so there is a list of the cammands you have
available through a ROOT account on a XENIX.
XENIX is sorta a scaled down sub-version of
UNIX. So when hacking it use unix hacking
procedures.

Well I know this is a little cut and dry but
thats the way it goes....I hope it was helpful.

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Now when you get in you will know what to do.

BIBLIOGRAPHY:

A book a ripped off the computer lab call:

XENIX <Multi User System>

Thanks to P-80 for the great service they do
all of us. Thanks a million Scan Man.....