

Appendix H

NBC Decon Concept for Individual and Crew-Served Weapons

This appendix provides decontamination procedures for light infantry crew-served weapons and some individual major weapons, critical for the unit's mission. For those units not authorized decon devices for support of operator spraydown, such as M13 decon apparatus portable (DAP) or M11 decon apparatus, alternative measures are described in this appendix. Units, such as light infantry, due to organization and mission, need decon procedures for their crew-served weapons and some individual weapons critical to support their missions for operations under chemical or biological conditions. Decon procedures are specified for the following weapons — M60 machine gun, squad automatic weapon, M47 dragon, TOW (1M220 Series), 81mm mortar, 60mm mortar, M203 grenade launcher, AT-4 light antitank weapon, M72 series, and 66mm rocket launcher.

The basic fundamentals for operational and thorough decon are described in Chapters 1, 2, 3, and, 4 of this manual. However, integrating such fundamentals with these techniques and procedures will require additional planning from the contaminated units decon team, the unit chemical NCO, and the supporting chemical platoon (if available), respectively.

The operators' spraydown technique of immediate decon is not considered as a viable option for a light

infantry unit. This type of unit generally lacks the additional capability needed to transport M11 and M13 decontamination apparatuses. Alternatively, IDKs can be used to decontaminate small areas on crew-served weapons. However, this method increases the number of kits required at unit level. Therefore, additional kits would need to be pushed forward in logistics packages (LOGPAC) for decontamination of crew-served weapons. Weapon crews carry additional IDKs to conduct operational decon. Field SOPs should be modified to reflect the need for resupply of the additional resources. See specific on decon procedures to determine the required number of decon kits for each weapon system. However, the TOW requires a combination of M11 decon apparatus and IDKs to conduct operational decon (see TOW procedures in this appendix). When TOW is vehicle transported and dismounted on freed positions, one M11 decon apparatus will stay with the system.

NOTE: New enlarged version of the M291 SDK will replace the actual M291 SDK when fielded. This new item will decontaminate a larger surface than the M291 SDK, therefore, a significant reduction of LOGPAC will be required. The composition and design of this new item is same as the M291 SDK.

Operational Decon

Units conduct operational decon for their crew-served weapons by using an IDK. Use either kit to remove or neutralize contamination on small weapons systems.

Conduct operational decon to sustain combat operations, remove gross contamination, and reduce the transfer/spread of contamination. Prior to decontamination, soldiers should visually inspect the weapon system for contamination. If liquid contamination is present, follow the procedures prescribed for each weapon system. The protection level required for operational decon opera-

tions is MOPP4. Do not decontaminate day and night sights with the IDK. Use water to rinse or flush contamination from the lens. This step is also described in the decon procedures.

Washdown of these light infantry weapons systems should not be conducted with the M17 LDS. Use of high pressure water from the M17 LDS could damage electrical components and optical sights. In addition, other small parts of the weapons systems could be damaged by the water pressure.

Thorough Decon

When conducting detailed equipment decon (DED), the equipment is decontaminated using a solution of 10 percent HTH mixed with water (see Appendix F) or pure bleach (already diluted). These procedures are more effective since the contamination will either be completely neutralized or reduced to a negligible risk. M8 paper, M256 series chemical agent detector kit, or

the chemical agent monitor (CAM) are used to determine effectiveness of decontamination. Decon of crew-served weapons should be done before detailed troop decon (DTD) by the individual weapon crew (the preferred method). Alternatively, the commander could task his own decon team to decontaminate the unit's light weapons. The contaminated unit is responsible for estab-

lishing the light equipment decon area (LEDA). With technical assistance from the chemical decon platoon, the contaminated unit will set up the LEDA about 100-150 meters upwind from the DTD and DED sites. Super-

vision of this process is a unit leadership responsibility; the unit chemical NCO will plan and coordinate preparation of the LEDA.

Operational Decon Procedures Using the M258A1 decon kit

The intent of these operational procedures is not to fully decontaminate the specific equipment but to reduce the level of spreading/transferring liquid contamination; in addition, it provides temporary relief when required. The performance of these procedures will increase the survivability rate of the crew/individual soldier. The M258A1 decon kit will remove and neutralize the gross contamination found on the surface of a given weapon system/weapon.

The following procedures are unique to the M258A1 decon kit; the use of other decon equipment with these procedures could result in a disfunction of the weapons/weapons system. Use respective technical manual for proper lubrication after the operational decontamination procedures are performed.

M60 Machine Gun/Squad Automatic Weapon

Safety Note: Following decon of the weapon with the M258A1 kit ensure that mechanical parts of the weapon are dried and lubricated. Perform application of lubricant when the mission permits. Do not touch the barrel of the weapon with chemical protective gloves, when barrel is hot. The heat of the barrel could melt the gloves.

Step 1. Decon your gloves, using packets 1 and 2 of the M258A1.

Step 2. Using the packet 1 towelette, wipe the biped and barrel assembly.

Step 3. Using the packet 1 towelette, wipe the carrying handle, rear sight, and forearm assembly.

Step 4. Using another packet 1 towelette, wipe the shoulder stock, trigger assembly, and pistol grip of the weapon.

Step 5. Repeat steps 2 thru 4 using packet 2 towelette of the M258A1.

Step 6. Repeat step 1 to decon your gloves.

Squad Automatic Weapon (SAW)

Safety Note: Following decon of the weapon with the M258A1 kit ensure that mechanical parts of the weapon are dried and lubricated. Perform application of lubricant when the mission permits. Do not touch the barrel of the weapon with chemical protective gloves, when barrel is hot. The heat of the barrel could melt the gloves.

Step 1. Decon your gloves, using packets 1 and 2 of the M258A1.

Step 2. Using one packet 1 towelette wipe the barrel assembly, front sight, forearm, biped, carrying handle and gas regulator.

Step 3. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the feed tray cover, shoulder stock, and trigger assembly of the weapon.

Step 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 using packet 2 of the M258A1.

Step 5. Repeat step 1 to decontaminate your gloves.

M203 Grenade Launcher

Safety Note: Before this procedure is performed close the dust cover of the M16A1/2 and store magazine in the magazine well; also ensure the barrel assembly of the M203 is closed.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using packets 1 and 2 of the M258A1.

Step 2. Use packet 1 towelette to wipe the leaf sight, hand guard, barrel and receiver group.

Step 3. Use another packet 1 towelette to wipe the lower receiver group and the butt of the weapon.

Step 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 using packet 2 of the M258A1.

Step 5. Repeat step 1 to decon your gloves.

Note: The M203 is not a crew-serve weapon, however, this weapon is considered critical for the mission accomplishment of an infantry squad. Decontaminate M16A1/2 in accordance with the STP 21-1-SMCT.

M47 Dragon

Use this procedures only when liquid contamination is present on encased missile or tracker components. If the missile has been fired and chemical contamination is present, follow the procedures shown in steps 1, 4, and 6, to decontaminate the tracker. Gather all the contaminated launching tubes in a single area before departing the contaminated area and mark them properly. See Chapter 5, for more information on optic decontamination.

Safety Note: Do not use the M258A1 on any optical lens (exclude rubber eye-cups), battery connector, electrical connectors, or lubricated components. However, if these items are stored in a protective container/box, decon the exterior of the container. Rinse or flush lens with water, if it becomes contaminated with liquid chemical agent. Rubber eye-cups can be either rinsed with water or decontaminated with the M258A1 SDK.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon kit.

Step 2. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the biped.

Step 3. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the launch tube.

Step 4. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the exterior and around the optical device and ensure that the decon towelette does not touch the lens.

Step 5. Using four packet 2 towelettes, repeat steps 2 thru 5.

Step 6. Decon your gloves using procedures in step 1.

TOW (M220 Series)

Gather all the contaminated launching tubes in a single area before departing the contaminated area and mark them properly. See Chapter 5 for more information in decontamination of optics.

Safety Note: Do not use the M258A1 on any optical lens (exclude rubber eye-cups), battery connector, electrical connectors, or lubricated components. However, if such items are stored in a protective container/box, decon the exterior of the container. Do not touch or decontaminate front lens of night sight device. Rinse or flush lens with water, if it becomes contaminated with liquid chemical agent. Rubber eye-cups can be either rinsed with water or decontaminated with the M258A1 SDK.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon kit.

Step 2. Fill your M11 decon apparatus with bleach or soapy water and spray solution on the launch tube, traversing unit and tripod respectively. Protect or cover the day/night sight when spraying.

Step 3. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the exterior of the night sight tracker.

Step 4. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the exterior of the day sight tracker.

Step 5. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the colimator.

Step 6. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe the missile guidance set and surface of the cable. Do not decon cable connector.

Step 7. Using one packet 1 towelette, wipe down the power conditioner (including its cable).

Step 8. Using five packet 2, repeat steps 3 thru 7.

Step 9. Decon your gloves, using procedures in step 1. Note: If the TOW missile has not been fired, check for liquid contamination. If contamination is found, spray missile with bleach or HTH solution from the M11 decon apparatus. If liquid contamination is found on ammunition, use M11 with cool soapy water or bleach to remove gross contamination.

M72 Law Series

The M72 law series is not a crew-serve weapon, however decontamination procedures are listed to simplify the mission of the soldier in a chemical environment.

Safety Note: Ensure that the launcher is in the safe position before decon.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon Kit.

Step 2. Extend the launcher into the firing position.

Step 3. Use two packet 1 towelette and wipe the exterior of the launcher and around the reflecting sight.

Step 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 using two packet 2 towelettes.

Step 5. Decon your gloves using the procedures in step 1.

AT-4 Weapon

The AT-4 weapon is not a crew-served weapon, however decontamination procedures are listed to simplify the mission of the soldier in a chemical environment.

Safety Note: Ensure that the transport safety pin, cocked-level safety, and the forward safety are engaged.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon kit.

Step 2. Use two packet 1 towelette, wipe the exterior of the launcher and front/rear sight.

Step 3. Repeat step 2, using two packet 2 towelettes.

Step 4. Decon your gloves using procedures in step one.

66mm Rocket Launcher

Safety Note: Ensure that the launcher is in the safe position and is not loaded before decontamination. Do not use M258A1 on optical lens, battery connector, or electrical components.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon kit.

Step 2. Extend the launcher into the firing position.

Step 3. Use two packet 1 towelettes, wipe the exterior of the launcher and around the reflecting sight.

Step 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 using two packet 2 towelettes.

Step 5. Decon your gloves using procedures in step 1.

81 mm Mortar

Safety Note: Following decontamination with the M258A1 kit, ensure that necessary parts of the mortar are dried and lubricated. Conduct this lubrication when the mission permits. Do not touch the tube of the mortar with chemical protective gloves, when it is hot. The heat of the tube could melt the gloves. Do not decontaminate telescope lens; it should be rinsed or flushed with water from a canteen. See Chapter 5 for more information in decontamination of optic lens.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon kit.

Step 2. Use one packet 1 towelette and wipe from the blast attenuator device (BAD) to cover the upper half of the mortar tube.

Step 3. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the lower half of the mortar's tube.

Step 4. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the base plate of the mortar.

Step 5. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the mortar's bipod.

Step 6. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the elbow telescope and telescope mount. Do not touch the lens of the telescope with the towelettes.

Step 7. Use five packet 2 towelettes and repeat steps 2 thru 6.

Step 8. Decon your gloves, using the procedures in step 1.

60mm Mortar

Safety Note: Following decontamination with the M258A1, ensure that the mechanical parts of the

mortar are dried and lubricated. This lubrication will be performed when the mission permits. Do not touch the tube of the mortar with the chemical protective gloves, when it is hot. The heat of the tube could melt the gloves. Do not decontaminate the telescope lens; it should be rinsed or flushed with water from a canteen. See Chapter 5 for more information in decontamination of optic lens.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using the M258A1 decon kit.

Step 2. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the the mortar's tube and handgrip.

Step 3. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the bipod.

Step 4. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the base plate.

Step 5. Use one packet 1 towelette, wipe the exterior of the telescope.

Step 6. Use four packet 2 towelettes, repeat steps 2 thru 5.

Step 7. Decon your gloves, using the procedures in step 1.

Operational Decon Procedures Using the M291 Decon Kit

The intent of these operational procedures are not to fully decontaminate the specific equipment but to reduce the level of spreading/transferring liquid contamination and to provide temporary relief when required. The performance of these procedures will increase the survivability rate of the crew/individual soldier. The M291 decon kit will remove the gross contamination found on the surface of a given weapon system/weapon.

The following procedures are unique to the M291 decon kit; the use of other decon equipment with these procedures could result in a disfunction of the weapons/weapons system.

WARNING

Do not apply an M291 SDK to any optical lens. The abrasive effect of the charcoal inside the pads will damage the lens.

Be aware that this charcoal from the M291 SDK could affect mechanical parts of the weapons system/weapons, if not used properly. Use respective technical manual for proper lubrication after the operational decontamination procedures are performed.

M60 Machine Gun

Safety Note: Ensure that feed tray of the M60 machine gun is closed. This prevents charcoal in the M291 from falling inside the feed tray and jamming the weapon. Do not touch the barrel of the weapon with the chemical protective gloves,

when it is hot. The heat of the barrel could melt the gloves.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Thoroughly scrub backs, palms, and fingers of gloves using extra strokes between fingers.

Step 2. Use one pad of the M291, remove all liquid contamination from the bipod, barrel assembly, forearm assembly, and carrying handle. Use a second pad, if necessary.

Step 3. Use a second pad from M291 kit and decon the feed tray cover, shoulder stock, and trigger assembly.

Step 4. Decon your gloves, using the procedures in step 1.

Note: Do not decontaminate the flash suppressor with the M291. Charcoal debris may fall into the barrel and cause the weapon to malfunction.

Squad Automatic Weapon (SAW)

Safety Note: Ensure that feed tray of the SAW is closed. This prevents M291 charcoal from falling inside the feed tray and jamming the weapon. Do not touch the barrel of the weapon with chemical protective gloves, when it is hot. The heat of the barrel could melt the gloves.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Follow procedures described in step 1 for the M60 Machine gun.

Step 2. Use one pad of M291, remove all liquid contamination from the bipod, barrel assembly, gas regulator, and carrying handle.

Step 3. Use a second pad from the M291 kit and decon the feed tray cover, magazine, trigger assembly, and shoulder stock.

Step 4. Decon your gloves, using the procedures in step 1.

Note: Ensure that the weapon is upright when decontaminating the feed cover with the M291. This prevents charcoal debris from falling into the ammunition feeder. Place the magazine in the magazine well prior to decontamination.

M203 Grenade Launcher

Safety Note: Before decontaminating ensure that the dust cover is closed and magazine is stored in the magazine well. Ensure that the barrel assembly is closed.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Follow procedures described in Step 1 for the M60 machine gun.

Step 2. Use one M291 pad to decon the barrel, hand guard, and receiver.

Step 3. Use one M291 pad to decon the lower receiver group and butt stock.

Step 4. Decon your gloves, using procedures in step 1.

M47 Dragon

Use this procedures only when liquid contamination is present on encased missile or tracker components. If the launcher has been fired and chemical contamination is present, follow the procedures shown in steps 1, 4, and 5, to decontaminate the tracker. Gather all the contaminated launching tubes in a single area before departing the contaminated area and mark them properly. See Chapter 5, for more information on optic decontamination.

Safety Note: Do not use the M291 on any optical lens (exclude rubber eye-cups), battery connector, electrical connectors or lubricated components. Use of the M291 could cause corrosion if the kits residue is left on equipment for extended periods of time. However, if these items are stored in a protective container/box, decon the storage container with the M291 kit. Rinse or flush lens with water only, if it becomes contaminated. Rubber eye-cups can be either rinsed with water or decontaminated with the M291 SDK.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove.

Step 2. Use one M291 pad to decon the biped.

Step 3. Use one M291 pad to decon the exterior of the launcher.

Step 4. Using water, rinse or flush any liquid contamination off the exterior of the day/night sight. Use rag or any available towelette to dry the sight, but do not touch the lens.

Step 5. Decon your gloves using the procedures in step 1.

TOW (M220 Series)

Gather all the contaminated launching tubes in a single area before departing the contaminated area and mark them properly. See Chapter 5, for more information in decontamination of optics.

Safety Note: Do not use the M291 SDK on any optical lens, battery connector, electrical connector, or lubricated components. However, if these items are stored in a protective container/box proceed with operational decon by wiping contamination from the protective container or spraying it with M11. Do not touch or decontaminate front lens of the night sight device. Rinse or flush lens with water, if it becomes contaminated with liquid chemical agent. Rubber eye-cups can be rinsed with water.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Thoroughly scrub back, palms, and fingers of the gloves. Use extra strokes between fingers.

Step 2. Use an M11 decon apparatus, filled with bleach or soapy water. Spray the solution on launch tube, traversing unit, and tripod respectively. Protect or cover the day/night sight when spraying.

Step 3. Use two M291s. Use one M291 kit to decon the exterior of the day sight tracker and another M291 kit to decon the night sight tracker. Avoid touching the lens when using the M291. Once sights are decontaminated, brush off charcoal residue from the M291.

Step 4. Use one M291 to decon the collimator.

Step 5. Use one M291 to decon the exterior of the missile guidance set and cable surface. Ensure that electrical connectors are covered prior to decontamination.

Step 6. Use two M291 kits; use one to decon the power conditioner and its cable and the other kit for the battery component.

Step 7. Decon your gloves using procedures in step 1.

AT-4 Light Antitank Weapon

Safety Note: Ensure that the three safety positions of the launcher are engaged. Transport safety pin, cocked-level safety, and the forward safety.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291.

Step 2. Use one M291, wipe the exterior of the launcher and front/rear sight. Use another M291 pad, when required.

Step 3. Decon your gloves using procedures in step one.

66mm Rocket Launcher

Safety Note: Ensure that the launcher is in the safe position and is not loaded before decontaminating.

Omit step 2, if launcher has not been fired in a contaminated environment.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Thoroughly scrub backs, palms, and fingers of gloves using extra strokes between fingers.

Step 2. Extend the launcher into the firing position.

Step 3. Use two M291 pads to completely decon the exterior of the launcher and around the reflecting sight.

Step 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 using two M291 pads

Step 5. Decon your gloves using procedures in step 1.

81 mm Mortar

Safety Note: If the M291 is used, lubricate the mechanical parts of the mortar after decontamination. This lubrication will be performed when the mission permits. Do not touch the tube of the mortar with chemical protective gloves, when it is hot. The heat of the tube could melt the gloves. Do not apply an M291 to any optical lens due to the abrasive effect of the charcoal in the pads. The lens should be rinsed or flushed with water, when required.

Step 1. Decon your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Thoroughly scrub back, palms, and fingers of the gloves. Use extra strokes between fingers.

Step 2. Use one M291 to decon from the blast attenuator device to the lower half of the mortar's tube.

Step 3. Use one M291 to decon the baseplate.

Step 4. Use one M291 to decon the bipod assembly.

Step 5. Use one M291 to decon the elbow telescope and telescope mount. Do not apply to the telescope lens. Flush lens with water, if contamination is present.

Step 6. Decon your gloves using the procedures in step 1.

60mm Mortar

Safety Note: If the M291 SDK is used, lubricate the mechanical parts of the mortar after decontamination. Perform this safety application when the mission permits. Do not touch the tube of the mortar with chemical protective gloves, when it is hot. The heat of the tube could melt the gloves. Do not apply an M291 to any optical lens due to the abrasive effect of the charcoal in the pads. The lens should be rinsed or flushed with water, when required.

Step 1. Decontaminate your gloves using one pad of the M291 for each glove. Thoroughly scrub back, palms, and fingers of the gloves. Use extra strokes between fingers.

Step 2. Use one M291 to decon the mortar tube (from top to bottom) and hand grip. If mortar is heavily contaminated you may need another M291 to decon these parts.

Step 3. Use one M291 to decontaminate the biped and base plate.

Step 4. Use one M291 SDK to decon the exterior of the telescope. Do not apply pad to the lens. Flush lens with water, if contamination is present.

Step 5. Decon your gloves using the procedures in step 1.

Thorough Decon Procedures for Light Infantry

Use the following procedures during DED/DTD. Mix 10 percent HTH with water as the preferred decontaminant for thorough decon (See table below). Use a contact time of HTH for 15 minutes for chemical and biological agents. Prepare the solution of HTH and water in accordance with the number and size of the weapons systems that need to be decontaminated.

Table H-1. HTH mixture		
HTH Solution	1 gallon of water	5 gallons of water
5%	9.6 oz/HTH	48 oz/HTH
10%	12 oz/HTH	60 oz/HTH

Safety Note: Refer to Appendix F of this manual for how to use Sodium Hypochlorite (household bleach) and Calcium Hypochlorite (high-test bleach) and see table H-1 (above) for the preparation of 5% and 10% water mixture with HTH.

Always wear chemical gloves when performing these procedures.

Use the HTH solution to decontaminate up to 10 weapon systems. Use the required number of rags on a weapon system (see material) and then dispose of the rags properly. This will avoid the transfer of contamination.

Do not apply HTH or bleach on electrical connectors and lens of optical equipment.

Use bleach or 10% concentration of HTH on the exterior of optical systems not sensitive to any bleach. Rinse with water afterwards.

Once HTH has been used on a weapon system, thoroughly dry and lubricate the equipment.

Avoid spilling HTH or bleach on the chemical overgarment.

Materials

See below for the recommended number of clean rags to use with the HTH solution on each specific weapon system.

M60 Machine Gun/SAW (use three rags).

1 rag, biped and barrel.

1 rag, forearm, carrying handle, and rear sight.
1 rag, feed tray cover, shoulder stock, pistol grip, and trigger assembly.

M203 Grenade Launcher (use two rags).

1 rag, M16A1/2 barrel, hand guard, receiver group, and butt stock.
1 rag, M203 receiver group, sight, and exterior of the barrel.

M47 DRAGON (use three rags).

1 rag, exterior of the sight.
1 rag, bipod (if weapon is not fired).
1 rag, round (canister) (if weapon is not fired)
Note: Keep electrical connector covered before decontamination. Dragon's eye rubber piece can be removed and submerged in decontaminant.

TOW (M220 Series) (use seven rags).

1 rag, exterior of night sight.
1 rag, exterior of day sight.
1 rag, launch tube.
1 rag, traversing unit.
1 rag, tripod assembly.
1 rag, battery power conditioner (BPC) and cable.
Ensure that battery is in a water proof container or case.
1 rag, missile guidance set and its cable.
NOTE: Lock bridge clamp after the removal of the round. Do not get HTH solution on the electrical connector under the bridge clamp or on the post amplifier cable.

66mm Rocket Launcher (use one rag).

AT-4 Weapon (use one rag).

81 mm Mortar (use four rags).

1 rag, blast denature device and tube.

1 rag, bipod.
1 rag, base plate.
1 rag, exterior of telescope.

60mm Mortar (use three rags).

1 rag, tube (barrel) and handgrip.
1 rag, base plate and bipod.
1 rag, exterior of telescope.

Water. Recommend preparation (as a minimum) of a 5-gallon solution. Change solution after 10 weapons are decontaminated.

Buckets. You will need a minimum of two for these procedures.

Trash Bags. Use trash bags for disposal of the contaminated rags.

NBC Marking Kit. Mark the contaminated area, once decon procedures are completed.

Lubricant. Use required lubricants for the weapon system. Follow the procedures specified in applicable technical manuals.

Procedures

Step 1. Submerge the rag or cloth in the HTH solution and ensure that the material is completely dampened.

Step 2. Wipe down the complete weapon system with the rag until contamination is no longer suspected.

Step 3. Rinse. Submerge clean rag or cloth into a container of clean water (use hot water when available) and wipe down weapon system once more. This procedure removes HTH or bleach solution from the weapon.

Step 4. Once step three is completed, take a piece of dry material (rag or cloth) and completely dry the weapon.

Step 5. After decontamination, lubricate weapon system with its recommended lubricant.

Step 6. Process through the DTD for the removal of MOPP gear.